

Pieri and Murnaghan–Nakayama Type Rules for Chern classes of Schubert Cells

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Introduction 1

classes of Schubert cells in the classical flag variety. These formulas include as special cases many previously known multiplication formulas for Chern–Schwartz–MacPherson classes or Schubert classes. We apply the equivariant Murnaghan–Nakayama formula to the enumeration of **rim hook tableaux**.

Classic Pieri Rules 2

Historically, the classical Pieri formula provides a solution to the multiplication of a Schur polynomial by an elementary or a complete homogeneous symmetric polynomial. For example,



This formula is generalized to Schubert polynomials times hook shape Schur polynomial by Sottile [9]. The formula is given by chasing over k-Bruhat graph. For example,

$$\sum_{23154} \cdot s_{(2,1)}(x_1, x_2, x_3) = \sum_{45123} + \sum_{35142}$$

The graph is (black arrows)



Geometrically, elementary or complete homogeneous symmetric polynomial serves as not only Schubert classes but also the Chern classes or Segre classes of the tautological bundle over flag variety. We generalize the classic Pieri rule to Chern–Schwartz–MacPherson classes. Note that all partitions cannot exceed the rectangle (4, 4, 4).

CSM Pieri rules 3

We develop Pieri type as well as Murnaghan–Nakayama (MN) The Chern–Schwartz–MacPherson (CSM) classes are one way type formulas for equivariant Chern-Schwartz-MacPherson to extend the Chern classes of complex manifolds to complex varieties (possibly singular or noncompact). The structure of (equivariant) CSM classes for Schubert cells in flag varieties has received much attention in recent years and devolved into a rich area of research, see [1,2]. Our formula is given by chasing over the extended k-Bruhat graph. For example,



One of the key ingredients we developed is the **Rigidity Theorem**. which means that the structure constants for equivariant rules can be controlled by the structure constants in their nonequivariant situations.

When restricting to Grassmannian, we can get a description in terms of partition combinatorics. For example, in $H^{\bullet}(Gr(3,7))$, we have



Hook formulas Δ

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Starting from the work of Ikeda and Naruse [5], it was gradually realized that equivariant Chevalley type formulas could be utilized to deduce hook formulas, see Naruse [6] and the recent work of Morales, Pak and Panova [8] and Mihalcea, Naruse and Su [7].

We generalize the idea of [5] to higher degrees by viewing the equivariant MN formula as a higher degree analogue of the equivariant Chevalley formula. It amazingly applies to the enumeration of rim hook tableaux. We reveal the enumeration formulas for standard rim hook tableaux due to Alexandersson, Pfannerer, Rubey and Uhlin [3] and Fomin and Lulov [4] in a relatively uniform manner.



where the denominator is the product of all even hook lengths.

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5	4	3	2		Λ	2	1	
4	3	2	1	,	4	2	1	
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