

Topological complexity is a fibrewise L-S category  
Norio Iwase, Kyushu Univerity

Topological complexity  $TC(B)$  of a space  $B$  is introduced by M. Farber to measure how much complex the space is, which is first considered on a configuration space of a motion planning of a robot arm. We also consider a stronger version  $TCM(B)$  of topological complexity with an additional condition: in a robot motion planning, a motion must be stasis if the initial and the terminal states are the same. Our main goal is to show the equalities  $TC(B) = catBb(d(B)) + 1$  and  $TCM(B) = catBB(d(B)) + 1$ , where  $d(B) = B \times B$  is a fibrewise pointed space over  $B$  whose projection and section are given by  $p_{d(B)} = p_2 : B \times B \rightarrow B$  the canonical projection to the second factor and  $s_{d(B)} = \Delta_B : B \rightarrow B \times B$  the diagonal. In addition, our method in studying fibrewise L-S category is able to treat a fibrewise space with singular fibres.