

MATH 1115, Mathematics for Commerce  
WINTER 2011  
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Homework Sheet 4  
Due: Wednesday 16th February: 2:30 PM

Each multiple choice question is worth one mark, other questions are worth two marks.

1. A business makes 3 kinds of product. These products require 4 different kinds of components. The number of each type of component required to make each product is represented by the table

	Component A	Component B	Component C	Component D
Product 1	1	2	0	3
Product 2	3	0	4	0
Product 3	2	2	1	1

These 4 components are made from 3 different kinds of raw materials. The matrix that gives the quantity of each raw material needed for each component is given by the table

	Raw material X	Raw material Y	Raw material Z
Component A	0	2	3
Component B	1	5	1
Component C	2	2	0
Component D	1	1	1

The cost per unit for each raw material is given by the table

Raw material X	20
Raw material Y	50
Raw material Z	5

The cost for raw materials for producing products 1, 2, and 3 are respectively:

- (A) 525, 1085, and 655
- (B) 720, 635 and 990
- (C) 930, 855, and 890
- (D) 890, 905, and 995
- (E) 795, 910, and 840

2. For the system of equations:

$$\begin{array}{rcccccc} x & & +3y & & -z & = & 4 \\ 2x & & -y & & +z & = & 3 \\ 5x & & +y & & +z & = & 8 \end{array}$$

- (A) The solution includes  $x = 3$
- (B) The solution includes  $y = 4$
- (C) The solution includes  $z = 7$
- (D) There is no solution.
- (E) There are infinitely many solutions.

3. An economy with 3 sectors has Leontief matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0.3 & 0.3 & 0.4 \\ 0.3 & 0.5 & 0.3 \\ 0.4 & 0.4 & 0.2 \end{pmatrix}$$

The production required to meet external demand  $\begin{pmatrix} 30 \\ 20 \\ 40 \end{pmatrix}$  is:

- (A) (-700 -800 -700)
- (B) (700 800 700)
- (C) (300 200 400)
- (D) (45 -5 0)
- (E) It is not possible to satisfy this external demand

4. The first row of the inverse of the matrix

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

is:

- (A) (3 -4 -1)
- (B) (3 -3 1)
- (C)  $(\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{4})$
- (D) (1 1 0)
- (E) The matrix is not invertible

5. The maximum value of  $2x + 4y$  subject to the constraints:

$$\begin{array}{rcll}
x & +2y & \leq & 4 \\
2x & -y & \geq & 1 \\
5x & +y & \leq & 15 \\
x, y & \geq & 0 &
\end{array}$$

is:

- (A) 8 and there is only one value of  $x, y$  where it is attained
  - (B) 6 and there is only one value of  $x, y$  where it is attained
  - (C) 8 and it is attained by infinitely many values of  $x, y$ .
  - (D) 6 and it is attained by infinitely many values of  $x, y$ .
  - (E) There is no maximum value
6. (a) Write out an initial simplex tableau for the problem  
maximise  $x + 2y + 4z$   
subject to

$$\begin{array}{rcll}
x & +3y & +z & \leq & 7 \\
2x & -y & +3z & \leq & 8 \\
5x & +y & -z & \leq & 15 \\
x & +y & +5z & \leq & 10 \\
x, y, z & \geq & 0 & &
\end{array}$$

starting at the BFS  $x = y = z = 0$ .

- (b) Use the simplex method to find the maximum value and the values of  $x, y$  and  $z$  where it is attained.