

ACSC/STAT 3720, Life Contingencies I  
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Formula Sheet

**Notation**

For any age, the notation  $[x] + s$  indicates current age  $x + s$ , and select at age  $x$ .

- ${}_t p_x$  probability that a life aged  $x$  survives for  $t$  years.
- ${}_t q_x$  probability that a life aged  $x$  dies within  $t$  years.
- ${}_u | {}_t q_x$  probability that a life aged  $x$  survives  $u$  years, then dies within the following  $t$  years.
- $\dot{e}_x$  expected future lifetime for a life aged  $x$ .
- $e_x$  curtate expected future lifetime for a life aged  $x$ .
- $\dot{e}_{x:\bar{t}|}$  expected future lifetime for a life aged  $x$  with upper bound of  $t$ .
- $i$  Effective annual interest rate
- $v$  Annual discount factor  $(1 + i)^{-1}$
- $\delta$  Force of interest  $\log(1 + i)$
- $i^{(p)}$  Nominal interest rate compounded  $p$  times per year
- $d$  Annual discount rate  $1 - v$
- $d^{(m)}$  Nominal discount rate compounded  $m$  times per year  $m(1 - v^{\frac{1}{m}})$
- $\bar{A}_x$  Expected present value of \$1 when a life of present age  $x$  dies
- $A_x$  Expected present value of \$1 at the end of the year in which a life of present age  $x$  dies
- $A_x^{(m)}$  Expected present value of \$1 at the end of the period  $\frac{1}{m}$ th of a year in which a life of present age  $x$  dies
- ${}^2 A_x$  Like  $A_x$ , but evaluated at twice the actual force of interest, or effective interest rate  $(1 + i)^2 - 1$ .
- $A_{x:\bar{t}|}$  Expected present value of \$1 at the end of the year in which a life of present age  $x$  dies, or after  $t$  years, whichever comes sooner.
- $A_{x:\bar{t}|}^1$  Expected present value of \$1 at the end of the year in which a life of present age  $x$  dies provided this happens within  $t$  years.
- $u|A_x$  Expected present value of \$1 at the end of the year in which a life of present age  $x$  dies provided this happens after at least  $u$  years.
- $\ddot{a}_x$  EPV of an annual annuity due with \$1 payments lasting until a life aged  $x$  dies. (First payment now)

- $a_x$  EPV of an immediate annual annuity with \$1 payments lasting until a life aged  $x$  dies. (First payment in 1 year's time).
- $\ddot{a}_{x:\overline{n}|}$  EPV of an annual annuity due with \$1 payments lasting until a life aged  $x$  dies or for a maximum of  $n$  payments if the life survives long enough. (First payment now)
- $\ddot{a}_{\overline{n}|}$  EPV of an annual annuity due with \$1 payments lasting for  $n$  payments. (First payment now)
- $\ddot{a}_x^m$  EPV of an annuity due with payments  $\frac{1}{m}$ ,  $m$  times per year lasting until a life aged  $x$  dies. (First payment now)
- $\bar{a}_x$  EPV of an annuity due with continuous payments at a rate of \$1 per year lasting until a life aged  $x$  dies.

## Formulae

### Relations between probabilities

$$\begin{aligned}
 {}_t p_x + {}_t q_x &= 1 \\
 {}_u | {}_t q_x &= {}_u p_x - {}_{u+t} p_x \\
 {}_{u+t} p_x &= {}_u p_x {}_t p_{x+u} \\
 \mu_x &= -\frac{1}{{}_x p_0} \frac{d}{{}_x p_0} ({}_x p_0) \\
 f_x(t) &= {}_t p_x \mu_{x+t} \\
 {}_t q_x &= \int_0^t {}_s p_x \mu_{x+s} ds
 \end{aligned}$$

### Annuity-Certain

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_{\overline{n}|i} &= \frac{1 - (1+i)^{-n}}{i} \\
 \ddot{a}_{\overline{n}|i} &= \frac{1 - (1+i)^{-n}}{d} \\
 s_{\overline{n}|i} &= \frac{(1+i)^n - 1}{i}
 \end{aligned}$$

### Formulae for Present Value of a Whole-Life Annuity-due

$$\begin{aligned}
 \ddot{a}_x &= \frac{1 - A_x}{d} \\
 \ddot{a}_x &= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} v^k {}_k p_x \\
 \ddot{a}_x &= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \ddot{a}_{\overline{k+1}|} {}_k | q_x
 \end{aligned}$$

## Formulae for Present Value of a Whole-Life Continuous Annuity

$$\begin{aligned}\bar{a}_x &= \frac{1 - \bar{A}_x}{\delta} \\ \bar{a}_x &= \int_{t=0}^{\infty} e^{-\delta t} {}_t p_x \\ \bar{a}_x &= \int_{t=0}^{\infty} \bar{a}_{\bar{t}|k} |q_x\end{aligned}$$

## Relations between Values of Insurance and Annuities

$$\begin{aligned}\bar{A}_{x:\bar{n}|} &= \bar{A}_x + {}_n p_x (1+i)^{-n} (1 - \bar{A}_{x+n}) \\ \bar{A}_{x:\bar{n}|}^1 &= \bar{A}_x - {}_n p_x (1+i)^{-n} \bar{A}_{x+n} = \bar{A}_{x:\bar{n}|} - {}_n p_x (1+i)^{-n} \\ \bar{a}_{x:\bar{n}|} &= \bar{a}_x - {}_n p_x (1+i)^{-n} \bar{a}_{x+n} A_{x:\bar{n}|} = A_x + {}_n p_x (1+i)^{-n} (1 - A_{x+n}) \\ A_{x:\bar{n}|}^1 &= A_x - {}_n p_x (1+i)^{-n} A_{x+n} = A_{x:\bar{n}|} - {}_n p_x (1+i)^{-n} \\ a_{x:\bar{n}|} &= a_x - {}_n p_x (1+i)^{-n} a_{x+n} A_{x:\bar{n}|}^{(m)} = A_x^{(m)} + {}_n p_x (1+i)^{-n} (1 - A_{x+n}^{(m)}) \\ A_{x:\bar{n}|}^{(m) 1} &= A_x^{(m)} - {}_n p_x (1+i)^{-n} A_{x+n}^{(m)} = A_{x:\bar{n}|}^{(m)} - {}_n p_x (1+i)^{-n} \\ a_{x:\bar{n}|}^{(m)} &= a_x^{(m)} - {}_n p_x (1+i)^{-n} a_{x+n}^{(m)}\end{aligned}$$

## Policy Values

$$\begin{aligned}{}_t V &= (p_{x+t} {}_{t+1} V + q_{x+t} S)(1+i)^{-1} - P \\ \frac{d}{dt} {}_t V &= \delta {}_t V + P_t - (S_t - {}_t V) \mu_{x+t}\end{aligned}$$

where  $P$  is the premium payable at time  $t$  and  $S$  is the death benefit.

## Approximations

Uniform Distribution of Deaths (UDD)

Continuous case:

$$\bar{A}_x = \frac{i}{\delta} A_x$$

Discrete case:

$$A_x^m = \frac{i}{i^m} A_x$$

Woolhouse's formula

Continuous case:

$$\bar{a}_x = \ddot{a}_x - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{12} (\delta + \mu_x)$$

Discrete case:

$$\ddot{a}_x^{(m)} = \ddot{a}_x - \frac{m-1}{2m} - \frac{m^2-1}{12m^2} (\delta + \mu_x)$$

We often use the approximation  $\mu_x = \frac{1}{2}(q_{x-1} + q_x)$ .