## Homework 4

1. The Super-Douper car can go from zero to $60 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ in 3 sec . (a) Assuming its acceleration is constant, what is it? (b) Assume that the acceleration has the form $a=a_{0} t$. Find $a_{0}$. What is the acceleration at $t=3$ in this case?
2. A car travelling $100 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$ hits a break which supplies a constant deceleration of $a \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}^{2}$. (a) How long does it take for a car to stop? (b) What's the "stopping distance", that is, the distance it travels between the time that the breaks were hit and a complete stop?
3. A rocket of mass 1 kg is launched vertically upward from the ground with zero initial velocity. The rocket engine supplies a constant upward force of $F$ Newtons for $T$ seconds. After $T$ sec the rocket is subject only to the force of gravity. (a) Find the position and velocity of the rocket when the rocket engine stops. (b) Find the maximum height attained by the rocket. (c) Give the maximum height explicitly for when $T=10 \mathrm{sec}$, and $F=20$ Newtons. (Neglect the air resitance and assume the accelearation due to gravity $g=-9.8 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ is constant).
4. A lump of clay is being rolled out so that it maintains the shape of a circular cylinder (and its volume remains constant). If the length is increasing at a rate proportional to itself, show that the radius is decreasing at a rate proportional to itself. Note: $V=\pi r^{2} l$.
5. A circular ferris wheel with radius 10 metres is revolving at the rate of 10 radians per minute. How fast is a passenger on the wheel rising when the passenger is 6 metres higher than the centre of the wheel and is rising?

6. The top of a ladder 5 m long rests against a vertical wall. If the base of the ladder is being pulled away from the base at a rate of $1 / 2 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$, how fast is the top of the ladder slipping down the wall when it is 3 m above the base of the wall?
7. A policeman is standing near a highway using a radar gun to catch speeders. He aims the gun at a car that has just passed his position and, when the gun is pointing at an angle of $45^{\circ}$ to the direction of the highway, notes that the distance between the car and the gun is increasing at a rate of $100 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$. (a) How fast is the car travelling? (b) If the radar gun is aimed at a car travelling $90 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{h}$ along a straight road, what will the reading be when it is aimed making an angle of $30^{\circ}$ with the road?

8. Two crates $A$ and $B$ are on the floor of a warehouse and are joined by a tight rope 15 m long through the pulley in the ceiling of height 4 m as shown in figure below. When the crate $A$ is 3 m from the point below the pully and is being moved at speed $\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$, how fast is crate $B$ is moving?

