This result is a generalization of Corollary 2 of [2]. When $U_1 = a = b = 1$ and $k = 1, 2, 3$, respectively, this result becomes (i)-(iii) of Corollary 2 of [2].

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

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THE PASSING OF THREE FIBONACCI ASSOCIATION FRIENDS

We were all deeply saddened to learn of the recent deaths of **Joe Arkin, Daniel Fielder** and **Peter Kiss**. These three long-time members of the Fibonacci Association will be greatly missed.