3. James A. Jeske, "Linear Recurrence Relations, Part 1," Fibonacci Quarterly, Vol. 1, No. 2, April 1963, pp. 69-74.

4. Eugene Levine, "Fibonacci Sequences with Identical Characteristic Values," Fibonacci Quarterly, Vol. 6, No. 5, Nov. 1968, pp. 75-80.

5. C. D. Olds, Continued Fractions, 1963, Random House, pp. 19-28.

6. Joseph A. Raab, "A Generalization of the Connection between the Fibonacci Sequence and Pascal's Triangle," Fibonacci Quarterly, Vol. 1, No. 3, Oct. 1963, pp. 21-31.

7. Charles H. King, "Conjugate Sequences," Fibonacci Quarterly, Vol. 6, No. 1, pp. 46-49.

$$
\begin{vmatrix}
3 & -3 & 1 & 0 & \cdots \\
-1 & 3 & -3 & 1 & \cdots \\
0 & -1 & 3 & -3 & \cdots \\
0 & 0 & -1 & 3 & \cdots \\
\cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot \cdot
\end{vmatrix}_n
= \frac{1}{2}(n + 1)(n + 2).
$$

REFERENCES

1. Dov Jarden, Recurring Sequences, Published by Riveon Lematimatika, Jerusalem (Israel), 1966.

2. E. Lucas, "Theorie des Fonctions Numeriques Simplement Periodiques," Amer. J. of Math., 1 (1878), pp. 184-240 and 289-321.

3. Thomas Muir, The Theory of Determinants (4 Vols.), Dover, New York, 1960.

4. R. F. Torretto and J. A. Fuchs, "Generalized Binomial Coefficients," Fibonacci Quarterly, 2 (1964), pp. 296-302.

5. Problem B-13, Fibonacci Quarterly, 1 (1963), No. 2, p. 86; Solution 1 (1963), No. 4, p. 79.

6. Problem B-46, Fibonacci Quarterly 2 (1964), p.)2; Solution 3 (1965), pp. 76-77.