Linear Algebra I

Written Assignment #1

This assignment below is to handed in at the BEGINNING OF CLASS, Monday, October 6, 2014. Work separately on the assignment.

- 1. Let l_1 be the line determined by (2,1,3) and (1,2-1) and let l_2 be the line determined by (0,2,3) and (-1,1,2). Is l_1 parallel to l_2 ? Explain your answer.
- 2. Prove that for any two vectors \mathbf{u} and \mathbf{v} in \mathbf{R}^2 or \mathbf{R}^3 , $\|\mathbf{u} + \mathbf{v}\|^2 + \|\mathbf{u} \mathbf{v}\|^2 = 2\|\mathbf{u}\|^2 + 2\|\mathbf{v}\|^2$.
- 3. Find the parametric equations of the line through the origin that is perpendicular to both $\mathbf{u} = (-1,2,3)$ and $\mathbf{v} = (2,0,1/2)$.
- 4. Find the distance from the point P(1,-1,1) to the line $\mathbf{x}(t) = (0,2,1) + t(1,1,1)$, and the closest point on the line to point *P*.
- 5. Show that the three planes x + y + z = 2, -x y + 4z = 3 and x + y + 2z = 3 intersect in a line, and find the equation of that line.