

ATCAT SEMINAR - 18 janvier 2022

Monoidal Closed but not Compact Closed

Summary:

- Compact Closed categories are monoidal closed
 - self-dual compact closed categories,
 $A \multimap B = A \otimes B$
 - What about the converse?
- If I have a monoidal closed category where $A \multimap B = A \otimes B$, is it a self-dual compact closed category?

The answer seems to be NO

But what's the counter example???

WANT: COUNTER-EXAMPLE!

Where this problem came from:

Cartesian Reverse Differential Category

UI

Linear Maps

Linear Logic
version is compact closed

only
been
able
to
show
monoidal
closed

$$A \multimap B = A \otimes B$$

Monoidal Closed:

\mathcal{X} symmetric monoidal category

\otimes - tensor I - unit

strict

Closed: $A \otimes - \vdash A \multimap -$

$$A \otimes (A \multimap X) \xrightarrow{\epsilon} X \quad \text{evaluation map}$$

$$\frac{\overline{A} \otimes X \xrightarrow{F} Y}{X \xrightarrow{\lambda F} \underline{A} \multimap Y}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A \otimes X & \xrightarrow{F} & Y \\ \downarrow \lambda F & & \uparrow \epsilon \\ A \otimes (A \multimap Y) & & \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & \xrightarrow{\eta} & A \multimap (A \otimes X) \\ X & \xrightarrow{\lambda F} & A \multimap Y \\ \eta & \searrow & \uparrow A \multimap F \\ & & A \otimes (A \otimes X) \end{array}$$

Compact Closed:

symmetric monoidal category

where every object A has a deal A^*

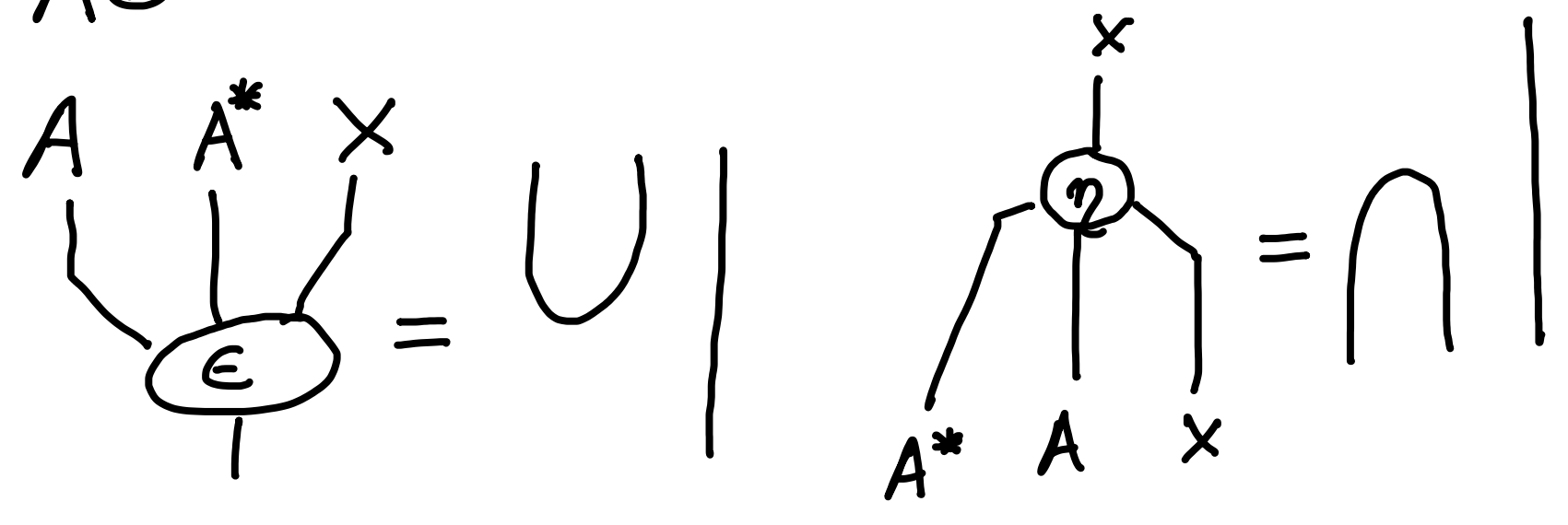
$$\cap: I \longrightarrow A^* \otimes A$$

$$U: A \otimes A^* \longrightarrow I$$

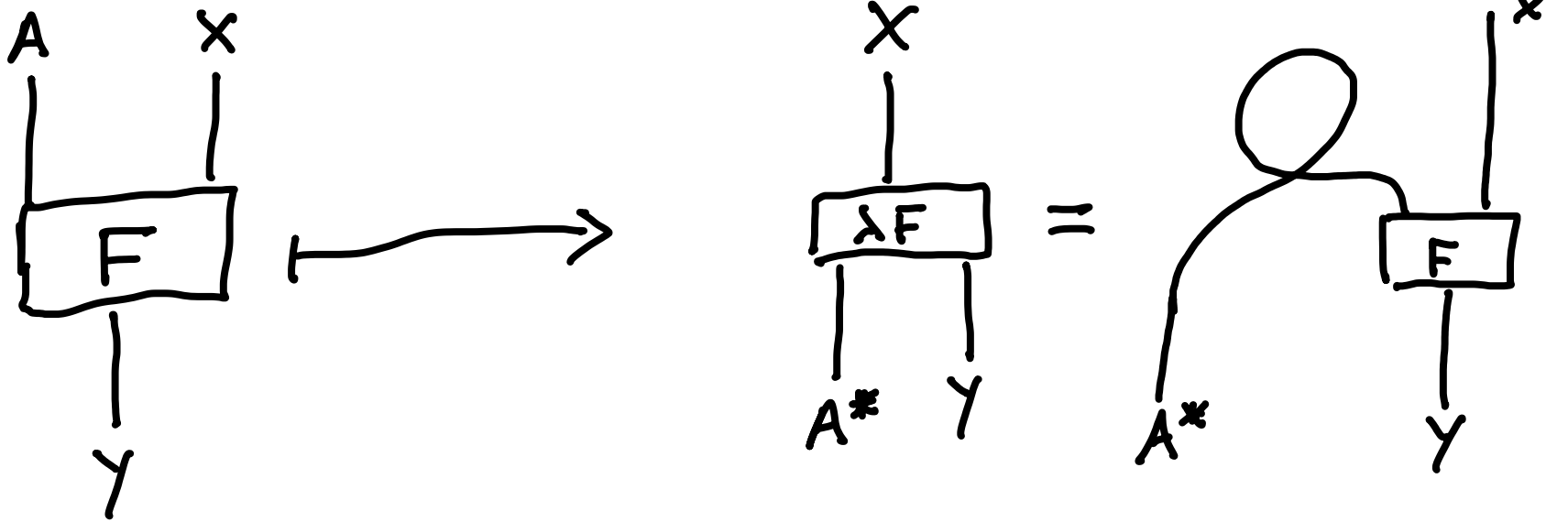
Snake equations:



$$A \otimes - \dashv\dashv A^* \otimes -$$



Monoidal Closed: $A \multimap B = A^* \otimes B$



Self-dual Compact Closed Categories

where A is its own dual:

$$A^* = A$$

and also that:

$$\cap: I \longrightarrow A \otimes A$$

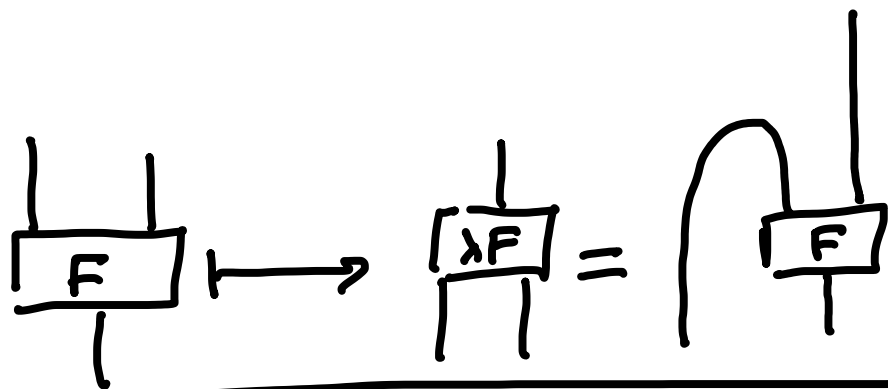
$$\cup: A \otimes A \longrightarrow I$$

$$\text{cap} = \cap$$

$$\text{cup} = \cup$$

$$\text{cup} = \cup$$

$$\text{cap} = \cap$$



$$A \otimes - \dashv A \otimes -$$

What about the converse?

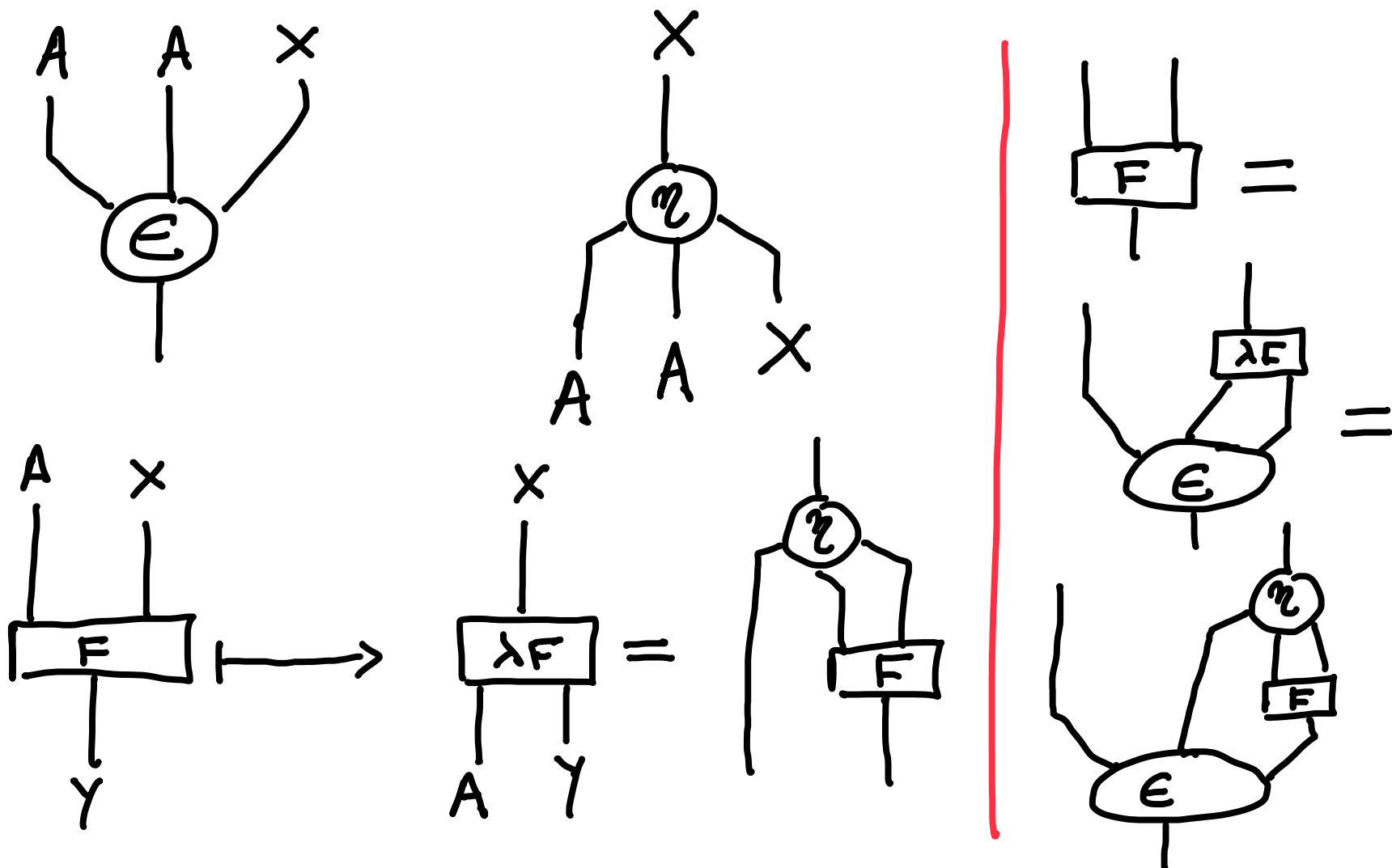
Monoidal closed category:

$$A \multimap - = A \otimes -$$

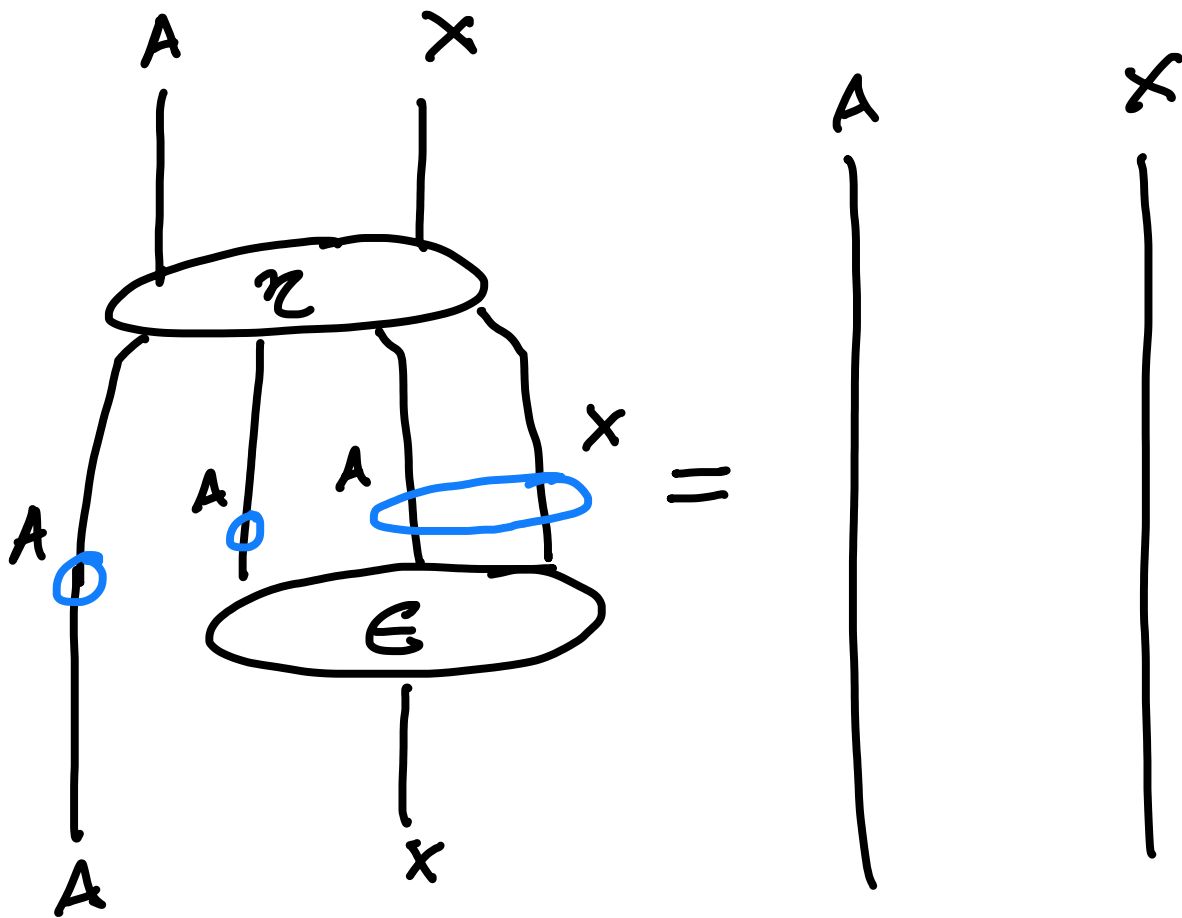
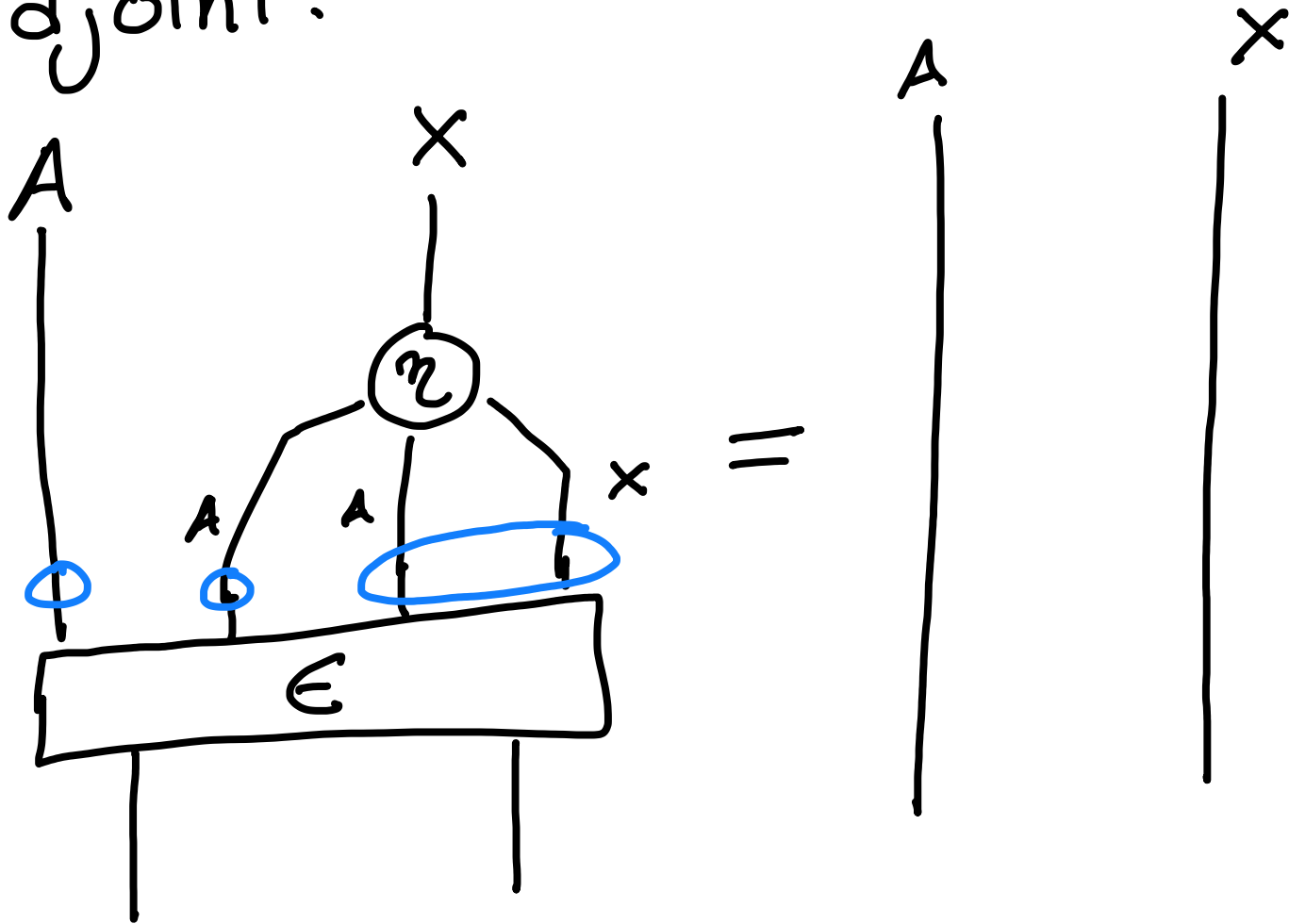
A, B are dual $\Rightarrow A \otimes - \vdash B \otimes -$

$A \otimes - \vdash B \otimes - \Rightarrow$ dual? NO

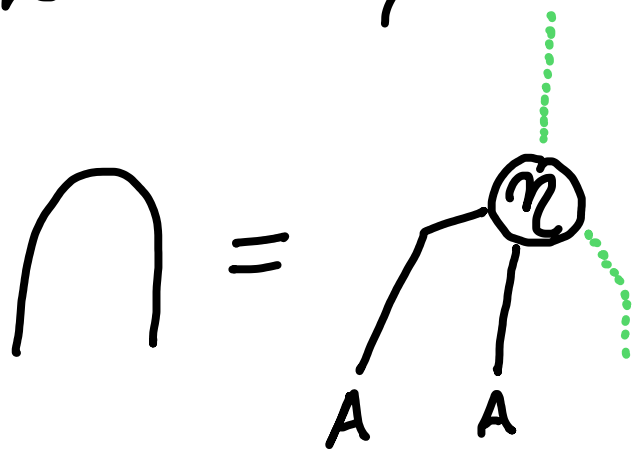
$$A \otimes - \vdash A \otimes -$$



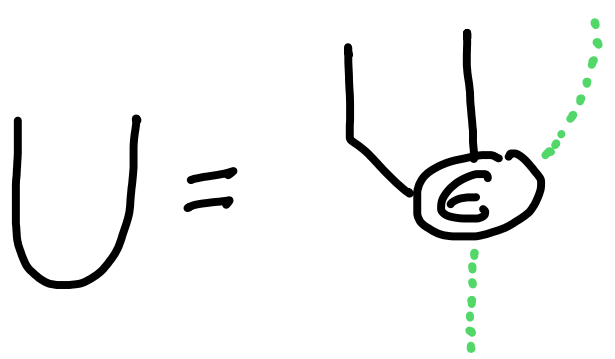
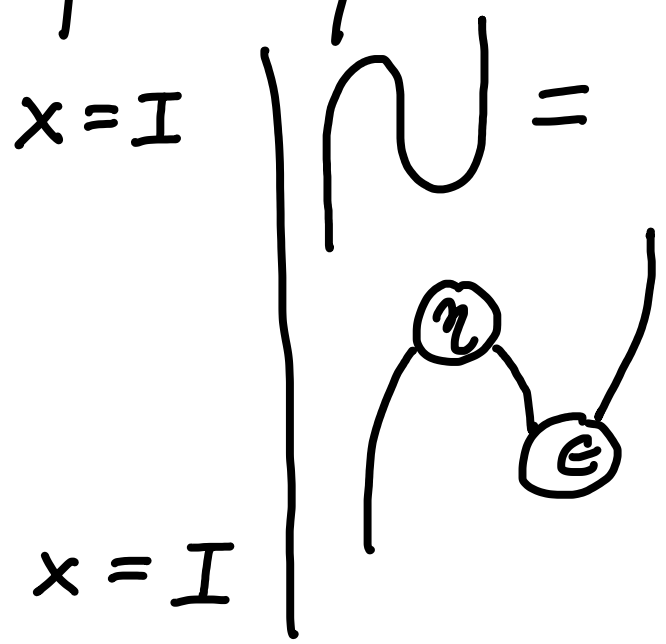
Adjoint:



Let's try and build cups/caps:



\cong_I



\subset_I

Here's the problem:

compact closed case:

