NUMBER THEORY SEMINAR

Dynamics of finite linear cellular automata over \mathbb{Z}_N

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This talk is based partially on the Honours thesis of Donald Patterson.

<u>WHEN:</u> Wed 07 Apr 2010, 3:30 p.m.

WHERE: Chase 319

ABSTRACT:

The *Ducci game* is a classical recreational mathematics puzzle which operates on circular vectors of integers, using the rule

 $(x_1, x_2, \ldots, x_n) \mapsto (|x_2 - x_1|, |x_3 - x_2|, \ldots, |x_1 - x_n|).$

It turns out that for any starting sequence there is an $M \ge 0$ so that eventually the iterates are from $\{0, M\}^n$. This means that we can think of the eventual dynamics as acting on \mathbb{Z}_2 by the linear map

$$(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) \mapsto (x_2 + x_1, x_3 + x_2, \dots, x_1 + x_n).$$

In this talk, after giving a brief pre-history of this problem, we examine the general situation of the dynamics of a linear map acting on \mathbb{Z}_N^L . We first discuss the special case of N being a prime, and then use the Chinese Remainder Theorem to reduce to the case of N being a prime power. We present some results which relate the dynamics modulo p^{k+1} to those modulo p^k .

Any questions, please email: rnoble@mathstat.dal.ca.