

MATH 3330: Applied Graph Theory

ASSIGNMENT #1

Due Tue. Jan 26

1. For the graph $G=(V, E, \text{endpts})$ with formal specification given by

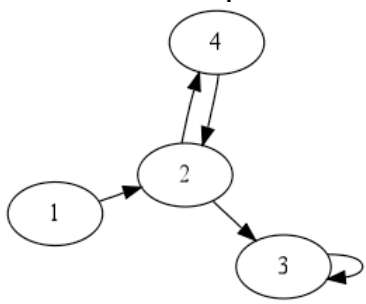
$V=\{v,w,x,y,z\}$; $E=\{a,b,c,d\}$; $\text{endpts}(a)=\{v,w\}$; $\text{endpts}(b)=\{w,x\}$;
 $\text{endpts}(c)=\{v,w\}$; $\text{endpts}(d)=\{x,x\}$,

- a) construct the incidence table for G ,
- b) give the degree sequence of G , and
- c) construct a line drawing of G .

2. Construct a line drawing for the mixed graph with vertex set $V=\{v,w,x,y,z\}$ and edge set $E=\{e,f,g,h\}$, and the following incidence table

Edges	e	f	g	h
endpts	v x ^h	y ^h v	w z	w v

3. Give a formal specification for the given digraph:



4. With the methods shown in class, determine whether each of the following sequences is graphic:
 - a) $\langle 7,6,6,5,4,3,2,1 \rangle$
 - b) $\langle 7,7,6,5,4,4,3,2 \rangle$
 - c) $\langle 5,5,4,4,2,2,1,1 \rangle$
 - d) $\langle 5,5,5,4,2,1,1,1 \rangle$

5. Design an appropriate graph or digraph to model an ultimate Frisbee tournament involving 5 teams to be scheduled such that each team plays two other teams.

6. Consider bipartite graphs:
 - a) What is the maximum possible number of edges in a simple bipartite graph on n vertices?
 - b) Draw the smallest possible non-bipartite graph.
 - c) Draw a 2-regular bipartite graph that is not $K_{2,2}$.

7. For each of the following graphs,
 - a) P_n
 - b) C_n
 - c) K_n and
 - d) $K_{m,n}$

determine the size of each of the following:

- i) the smallest dominating set,
 - ii) the smallest vertex cover,
 - iii) a largest independent set of vertices, and
 - iv) a maximum matching.
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8. For each of the following graphs,
 - a) P_n for $n \geq 3$,
 - b) C_n for $n \geq 4$,
 - c) K_n for $n \geq 3$,
 - d) $K_{m,n}$ for $m \geq n \geq 3$, and
 - e) and the Petersen graph,

determine each of the following:

- i) the diameter,
- ii) the radius,
- iii) and central vertices of the indicated graph.