

ACSC/STAT 3720, Life Contingencies I
 Winter 2018
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 Homework Sheet 4
 Model Solutions

Basic Questions

1. Using the lifetable in Table 1, calculate $\ddot{a}_{[43]+3}$ at interest rate $i = 0.05$. You are given that $A_{[43]+3} = 0.123339$.

Using the formula for conversion, we get

$$\ddot{a}_{[43]+3} = (1 - A_{[43]+3}) \frac{1.05}{0.05} = 21 \times (1 - 0.123339) = 18.409881$$

2. An individual aged 39 for whom Table 1 is appropriate, takes out a 5-year term insurance policy. The annual premiums are \$728, payable at the beginning of each year. If the current interest rate is $i = 0.04$, what is the expected present value of the premiums paid?

We get

$$\ddot{a}_{39:\overline{5}} = 1 + \frac{9958.44}{9962.82}(1.04)^{-1} + \frac{9953.69}{9962.82}(1.04)^{-2} + \frac{9948.55}{9962.82}(1.04)^{-3} + \frac{9942.98}{9962.82}(1.04)^{-4} = 4.62564963618$$

so the EPV is $4.62564963618 \times 728 = \$3,367.47$.

3. An annuity pays out continuously at a rate of \$5,000 a year until the death of an individual currently aged 68 to whom the ultimate part of Table 1 applies. What is the expected present value of this annuity, using the uniform distribution of deaths assumption, and force of interest $\delta = 0.05$? You are given the following values of A_{68} at various interest rates:

i	A_{68}
0.03922071	0.380644
0.04	0.374228
0.040811	0.367698
0.04879016	0.310707
0.05	0.303101
0.0512711	0.295372

Force of interest $\delta = 0.05$ gives $i = e^{0.05} - 1 = 0.05127109638$, so we get $A_{68} = 0.295372$. We now use UDD to get

$$\overline{A}_{68} = \frac{i}{\delta} A_{68} = \frac{0.05127109638}{0.05} \times 0.295372 = 0.302880925599$$

Using our standard conversion formula, we get

$$\overline{a}_{68} = \frac{1 - \overline{A}_{68}}{\delta} = \frac{1 - 0.302880925599}{0.05} = 13.942381488$$

The EPV of the annuity is therefore $5000 \times 13.942381488 = \$69,711.91$.

4. A pension plan pays monthly benefits of \$4,000 to an individual aged 68. What is the expected present value of the benefit under the uniform distribution of deaths assumption, interest rate $i^{(12)} = 0.04$ and the lifetable in Table 1? [These allow us to calculate $A_{68} = 0.368252$.]

Using UDD, we get

$$A_{68}^{(12)} = \frac{i}{i^{(12)}} A_{68} = \frac{1.003333333^{12} - 1}{0.04} \times 0.368252 = 0.37507886281$$

Now the conversion formula gives

$$\ddot{a}_{68}^{(12)} = (1 - 0.37507886281) \frac{1.003333333^{12}}{0.04} = 15.6751051912$$

The EPV of the benefit is therefore $4000 \times 12 \times 15.6751051912 = \$752,405.05$.

Standard Questions

5. An individual aged 67 receives an annual pension of \$40,000 at the start of each year. The pension is guaranteed for 5 years. She wants to increase the guaranteed period to 10 years, but keep the EPV of payments the same. The interest rate is $i = 0.06$, and the ultimate part of the lifetable in Table 1 applies to this individual. Calculate the new payments. [You calculate $\ddot{a}_{67} = 13.4578836667$, $\ddot{a}_{72} = 12.4660416667$, and $\ddot{a}_{77} = 11.3298806667$.]

The current EPV is

$$\begin{aligned} 40000 \left(\ddot{a}_{\overline{5}|0.06} + {}_5p_{67}(1.06)^{-5} \ddot{a}_{72} \right) \\ = 40000 \left(\frac{1.06 - 1.06^{-4}}{0.06} + \frac{9203.55}{9485.52} (1.06)^{-5} \times 12.4660416667 \right) \\ = \$540,141.82 \end{aligned}$$

For an annuity of \$1 per year, guaranteed for 10 years, the EPV is

$$\begin{aligned} \ddot{a}_{\overline{10}|0.06} + {}_{10}p_{67}(1.06)^{-10} \ddot{a}_{77} \\ = \frac{1.06 - 1.06^{-9}}{0.06} + \frac{8775.52}{9485.52} (1.06)^{-10} \times 11.3298806667 \\ = 13.6546905917 \end{aligned}$$

The new annuity payments are therefore

$$\frac{540141.82}{13.6546905917} = \$39,557.24$$

6. A man aged 106, to whom the ultimate part of the lifetable in Table 1 applies, wants a pension which will pay \$20,000 in a year's time, and thereafter will provide annual payments increasing by 3% every year (so the second payment when the man turns 108 will be \$20,600).

What is the expected present value of the benefits of this pension if the current interest rate is $i = 0.05$?

We calculate the “real” rate of interest is $i^* = \frac{0.05-0.03}{1.03} = 0.0194174757282$. At this rate of interest, we calculate

$$\begin{aligned}
 a_{106} &= \frac{1215.44}{1474.18}(1.0194174757282)^{-1} + \frac{981.65}{1474.18}(1.0194174757282)^{-2} + \frac{774.71}{1474.18}(1.0194174757282)^{-3} \\
 &\quad + \frac{595.71}{1474.18}(1.0194174757282)^{-4} + \frac{444.87}{1474.18}(1.0194174757282)^{-5} + \frac{321.41}{1474.18}(1.0194174757282)^{-6} \\
 &\quad + \frac{223.65}{1474.18}(1.0194174757282)^{-7} + \frac{149.10}{1474.18}(1.0194174757282)^{-8} + \frac{94.62}{1474.18}(1.0194174757282)^{-9} \\
 &\quad + \frac{56.74}{1474.18}(1.0194174757282)^{-10} + \frac{31.84}{1474.18}(1.0194174757282)^{-11} + \frac{16.52}{1474.18}(1.0194174757282)^{-12} \\
 &\quad + \frac{7.81}{1474.18}(1.0194174757282)^{-13} + \frac{3.30}{1474.18}(1.0194174757282)^{-14} + \frac{1.21}{1474.18}(1.0194174757282)^{-15} \\
 &\quad + \frac{0.37}{1474.18}(1.0194174757282)^{-16} + \frac{0.09}{1474.18}(1.0194174757282)^{-17} + \frac{0.01}{1474.18}(1.0194174757282)^{-18} \\
 &\quad + \frac{0.00}{1474.18}(1.0194174757282)^{-19} \\
 &= 3.12628138309
 \end{aligned}$$

The EPV of the payments is therefore $20000(1.03)^{-1} \times 3.12628138309 = \$60,704.49$.

7. A woman aged 64 is receiving a monthly pension of \$3,000 at the start of each month. She wants to change this to an annual pension. If the appropriate life table is the ultimate part of Table 1 and the interest rate is $i = 0.04$, then we can calculate $A_{64} = 0.330027$. Use Woolhouse’s formula to calculate the annual pension that has the same expected present value. [You may use the approximation $\mu_x = \frac{1}{2}(q_x + q_{x-1})$.]

First we calculate $\ddot{a}_{64} = (1 - 0.330027)^{\frac{1.04}{0.04}} = 17.419298$. Now from the lifetable we get

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mu_{64} &= \frac{1}{2}(q_{63} + q_{64}) \\
 &= \frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{33.44}{9638.51} + \frac{36.46}{9605.07}\right) \\
 &= 0.00363266393331
 \end{aligned}$$

Now Woolhouse’s formula gives

$$\begin{aligned}
 \ddot{a}_{64}^{(12)} &= \ddot{a}_{64} - \frac{11}{24} - \frac{143}{1728}(\log(1.04) + 0.00363266393331) \\
 &= 17.419298 - \frac{11}{24} - \frac{143}{1728}(\log(1.04) + 0.00363266393331) \\
 &= 16.9574183514
 \end{aligned}$$

The EPV of the current benefit is therefore $16.9574183514 \times 3000 \times 12 = \$610,467.06$. To get an annual pension with the same benefit, the payments would be

$$\frac{16.9574183514 \times 3000 \times 12}{\ddot{a}_{64}} = \frac{16.9574183514 \times 3000 \times 12}{17.419298} = \$35,045.45$$

Table 1: Select lifetable to be used for questions on this assignment

x	$l_{[x]}$	$l_{[x]+1}$	$l_{[x]+2}$	$l_{[x]+3}$	x	$l_{[x]}$	$l_{[x]+1}$	$l_{[x]+2}$	$l_{[x]+3}$
25	9998.75	9997.65	9996.30	9994.66	74	8987.73	8932.10	8862.49	8775.52
26	9997.00	9995.83	9994.40	9992.66	75	8897.04	8836.71	8761.27	8667.10
27	9995.14	9993.90	9992.38	9990.52	76	8798.69	8733.34	8651.66	8549.78
28	9993.16	9991.84	9990.22	9988.24	77	8692.13	8621.41	8533.09	8423.00
29	9991.05	9989.65	9987.92	9985.80	78	8576.81	8500.36	8404.95	8286.16
30	9988.81	9987.30	9985.46	9983.18	79	8452.13	8369.60	8266.68	8138.66
31	9986.40	9984.80	9982.82	9980.38	80	8317.52	8228.53	8117.67	7979.93
32	9983.83	9982.11	9979.99	9977.37	81	8172.36	8076.57	7957.35	7809.41
33	9981.07	9979.23	9976.95	9974.13	82	8016.08	7913.13	7785.15	7626.56
34	9978.11	9976.13	9973.68	9970.64	83	7848.11	7737.67	7600.54	7430.89
35	9974.93	9972.79	9970.16	9966.88	84	7667.89	7549.66	7403.05	7221.99
36	9971.50	9969.20	9966.36	9962.82	85	7474.92	7348.64	7192.27	6999.51
37	9967.80	9965.33	9962.25	9958.44	86	7268.77	7134.21	6967.86	6763.22
38	9963.81	9961.14	9957.82	9953.69	87	7049.07	6906.07	6729.62	6513.04
39	9959.50	9956.61	9953.02	9948.55	88	6815.55	6664.05	6477.46	6249.02
40	9954.84	9951.71	9947.82	9942.98	89	6568.09	6408.10	6211.48	5971.42
41	9949.79	9946.41	9942.19	9936.94	90	6306.70	6138.35	5931.96	5680.73
42	9944.32	9940.66	9936.08	9930.38	91	6031.59	5855.15	5639.41	5377.67
43	9938.39	9934.41	9929.45	9923.26	92	5743.19	5559.08	5334.61	5063.27
44	9931.96	9927.64	9922.25	9915.52	93	5442.15	5250.97	5018.61	4738.86
45	9924.97	9920.28	9914.42	9907.10	94	5129.44	4931.97	4692.79	4406.12
46	9917.37	9912.28	9905.91	9897.94	95	4806.33	4603.54	4358.89	4067.08
47	9909.11	9903.58	9896.65	9887.98	96	4474.39	4267.51	4018.96	3724.10
48	9900.13	9894.11	9886.57	9877.13	97	4135.60	3926.04	3675.44	3379.91
49	9890.36	9883.80	9875.59	9865.30	98	3792.25	3581.66	3331.11	3037.57
50	9879.71	9872.57	9863.63	9852.42	99	3447.02	3237.23	2989.05	2700.39
51	9868.12	9860.34	9850.59	9838.38	100	3102.90	2895.94	2652.63	2371.88
52	9855.48	9847.01	9836.39	9823.08	101	2763.19	2561.21	2325.37	2055.64
53	9841.72	9832.48	9820.90	9806.39	102	2431.39	2236.61	2010.90	1755.27
54	9826.71	9816.64	9804.02	9788.18	103	2111.15	1925.80	1712.81	1474.18
55	9810.34	9799.37	9785.60	9768.33	104	1806.12	1632.34	1434.48	1215.44
56	9792.49	9780.52	9765.51	9746.67	105	1519.82	1359.55	1178.94	981.65
57	9773.03	9759.97	9743.60	9723.05	106	1255.46	1110.36	948.70	774.71
58	9751.79	9737.56	9719.69	9697.28	107	1015.81	887.14	745.58	595.71
59	9728.63	9713.10	9693.62	9669.17	108	802.96	691.49	570.56	444.87
60	9703.36	9686.43	9665.17	9638.51	109	618.23	524.17	423.71	321.41
61	9675.80	9657.33	9634.15	9605.07	110	462.04	385.00	304.13	223.65
62	9645.73	9625.59	9600.31	9568.61	111	333.80	272.80	210.00	149.10
63	9612.94	9590.98	9563.42	9528.85	112	231.99	185.53	138.71	94.62
64	9577.18	9553.24	9523.19	9485.52	113	154.19	120.34	87.07	56.74
65	9538.19	9512.09	9479.35	9438.30	114	97.30	73.90	51.50	31.84
66	9495.69	9467.25	9431.58	9386.86	115	57.78	42.55	28.41	16.52
67	9449.37	9418.39	9379.54	9330.85	116	31.92	22.69	14.43	7.81
68	9398.90	9365.17	9322.87	9269.88	117	16.15	11.04	6.63	3.30
69	9343.95	9307.23	9261.20	9203.55	118	7.34	4.79	2.69	1.21
70	9284.12	9244.18	9194.11	9131.43	119	2.90	1.79	0.93	0.37
71	9219.03	9175.59	9121.17	9053.07	120	0.95	0.55	0.26	0.09
72	9148.24	9101.03	9041.91	8967.97	121	0.23	0.13	0.05	0.01
73	9071.30	9020.03	8955.85	8875.63	122	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.00